The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1868. NO. 307.

The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

THE COLUMBUS PRISONERS.

Their Cruel and Inhuman Treatment.

THE ACT OF UNDER RADICAL MILITARY RULE.

A CARD FROM THE PRISONERS.

JULY 25, 1868.

Upon resuming our personal liberty, we, the undersigned, known as the Columbus prisoners, deem it proper to publish the following brief account of our arrest and confinement by the military authorities:

During the night of the 30th of March Geo. W. Ashburn was assassinated in a low negro brothel in Columbus, Georgia. On the 6th of April thirteen citizens were arrested by Captain Mills, of the United States army. On the 10th they were released under bond; four of this number have never been re-arrested. The man Mills stated that he did not know the charge against the party arrested, but no one believed him, and the last is only mentioned to show the character of the proceedings. On the 14th day of May four arrests were made, on the 24th four, on the 2d of June four more, on the 16th seven, followed the next day by two others; on the 24th another and the last arrest occurred. These arrests were made by the order of General Meade. Several of the undersigned have in their possession written orders which show this fact. The arrests were made without warrant, affidavit, or charge. No preliminary examination was held. We were kept in total ignorance of the *ex parte* evidence against us, and the names of our accusers were concealed from us. No one who has followed the trial will be surprised at this apparent neglect.

While we were clamoring for the charges against us, Joe Brown, Whitley, Major Smyth, and others, were suborning Betz, Marshall, Bennett, and Amanda Patterson. The evidence for the prosecution acknowledges that disclosures were made under threats of imprisonment. This is bad enough, but a worse feature is that the date of these disclosures is placed by the witnesses themselves *subsequent* to the arrest of a majority of the prisoners. The question naturally arises upon what foundation were the arrests based? Of the twenty-two persons arrested on and since the 14th of May, four *were suborned by torture, bribery, and threats.* Nine, after confinement in *felon's cells*, and much suffering, were released without any explanation whatever. The remaining nine are the signers of this card.—The prisoners arrested in May were at Fort Pulaski before they were removed to Atlanta. Their cells were as dark, as dungeons, without ventilation, and but four feet by seven. No bed or blankets were furnished. The rations consisted of a *slice of fat* pork three times each week, and beef too unsound to eat the remaining days. A piece of bread for each meal, soup for dinner, and coffee for breakfast, finished the bill of fare. An old *oyster can* was given each prisoner, and in this vessel both coffee and soup were served. It may be said that the soldiers received nothing better, but these citizens were not soldiers, and their friends were able, willing, and anxious to give them every comfort; they were denied the privilege. Refused all communication with their friends, relatives, or counsel, they were forced to live in these horrid cells night and day, prostrated by heat, and maddened by myriads of mosquitoes. The calls of nature were attended to in a bucket, which was removed but once in twenty-four hours.

At McPherson Barracks, we were placed in cells five feet eleven inches wide by ten feet long. These cells were afterwards divided, reducing their width to 2 (two) feet 10 (ten) inches. This is terrible, but true. Upon the arrival of the officer sent from Washington to investigate the arrests, the partitions were removed. Neither bed nor bedding was furnished for from two to five days. We were not permitted to see our friends, family or counsel until memorials to Congress had aroused the whole country to the enormity of the outrage. Even after this, our letters, breathing the affection and sympathy of a wife or mother, were subjected to inspection. The prison sink was immediately at our cell doors, and emitted a stench that was horrible.

At times when some humane soldier was willing to transcend his orders and give us a breath of fresh air to soothe our distended, bursting veins, we would ask him to close the door, preferring to risk suffocation rather than endure the intolerable smell.

During all this time we were ignorant of the charges against us. Of course, we accepted the common rumor that our arrest grew out of the murder of Ashburn; but after our counsel was permitted to visit us, no definite line of defence could be planned in the absence of all specifications. We were furnished with a copy of the charges against us on the 27th day of June, our trial having been set for the 29th. The intervening day was Sunday, and we were one hundred and forty miles from the scene of the murder, and the residence of our witnesses.

Several of the undersigned never saw the detective Whitley until weeks after their arrest. When they did meet him he never *presumed* to treat them with *disrespect.*

Recent developments, new to us, have shown him to be *infamous*, and his treatment of suborned witnesses will be proven by those know the facts. Our friends and the press have not *exaggerated* the barbarity with which we were treated, but they should not *throw the responsibility* upon a *contemptible* detective, who would only glory in the notoriety his infamy would give him. We refer for higher game. General Meade told General R. H. Chilton, (during the war General Lee's Adjutant,) upon the eve of his departure from Atlanta, that he had left full instructions with General Sibley concerning the disposition of the Columbus prisoners. These *instructions controlled* our treatment, and leave no issue as to the question of RESPONSIBILITY. At the proper time, and in a manner that will not intrude upon your valuable space, we will make good our position, and will show conclusively that this unparalleled persecution was attempted solely and entirely *for political* purposes.

The officers and soldiers of the garrison were kind as their orders would permit, and respectful, with but few exceptions. General Dunn's courtesy during the trial, especially after Duke's *alibi*, was in strong contrast with the *studious, ungenerous*, and unmanly conduct of Joe Brown.

Of the able and untiring efforts of our counsel, we cannot speak in too high praise. To the people of Georgia, and especially to our good friends in Atlanta, we return our sincere thanks for their sympathy and assistance.

W. D. CHIPLEY,
C. C. BEDELL,
R. A. WOOD,
E. J. KIRKSEY, M. D.,
R. HUDSON,
J. L. WIGGINS,
ALVA C. ROPER,
W. A. DUKE,
JAMES W. BARBER.

DEPARTMENTS OR DISTRICTS.—It is said that the Second and Third Military Districts, comprising the States of North and South Carolina, Alabama, Florida, and Georgia, have ceased to exist, but of what practical bearing is this when those States are but taken out of two military districts to be consolidated into one military department, and the bayonet yet remains! Names are nothing in a case like this; factsall, and the facts are that, while the name of district has been merged in department, Meade still wields the military power in the department just as he did in the district.—"The Second and Third Military Districts," says Grant's order, "having ceased to exist, the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Florida will constitute the Department of the South, Major General George G. Meade to command.—To command what? Why, the Department of the South? And what is the Department of the South? Why, "the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Florida." So that the truth is that, whereas under the name of District, Meade commanded three States, he is now, under the name of Department, to command five.—*World.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

44 Fayetteville Street.

ARRIVED.—Western Empire Cook Stoves, complete, Climax Furnaces, Brass Kettles ALSO.
Coffee and Cut Loaf Sugars, Rio, Laguira and Old Java Coffees,
50 kegs Cut Nails,
Best Horse Shoe Nails.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, July 30-tf With Hart & Lewis.

TWENTY SACKS PRIME RIO COFFEE.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY POCKETS FINE LAGUIRA
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
July 24-tf

TWO HUNDRED LBS. TEAS—Imperial, Gunpowder, &c.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND LBS. WESTERN BACON, arriving.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FLOUR—THE BEST.
Warranted.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

ONE HUNDRED LBS. BEAUTIFUL RICE.
For sale by
July 29-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CALL AND SEE OUR SUGARS.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH

1,000 LBS ENGLISH SODA.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY-FIVE BBLS CUT HERRINGS 10 half bbls.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

50 VERY LARGE TUBS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS. EXTRA "C" SUGAR.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS. COMMON SUGARS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CRUSHED AND PULVERIZED SUGARS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FIFTY BARRELS PORTO RICO AND CUBA Sugars.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Corn, Corn,

300 BUSHELS CORN.
For sale cheap, by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

New Family Flour.

JUST RECEIVED, a lot of new FAMILY FLOUR, on sale at reasonable rates.
July 31-1w JAS. M. TOWLES, Commission Merchant.

REFINED SUGARS!
A. C. Ex. C Refined Yellow, and C. crushed.
Just received from the best Refineries, by
July 31-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

EXCELLENT FLOUR
STILL ON HAND!!
I have to-day received another lot of Garnett's Superior Flour, which is for sale by the barrel and in smaller quantities, to suit purchasers. This Flour is always warranted.
July 31-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

TO TOBACCONISTS.

We invite the attention of Tobacconists to our large stock of Branding Brushes, Inks, Gums and Flavoring Materials, such as

Oil Aniseed	Angelica or Eel Root
" Bergamot	Orris Root
" Cinnamon	Snake Root
" Citronella	Valerian Root
" Geranium	Cardamom Seed
" Lemon	Coriander Seed
" Mirbane	Fennel Seed
" Nutmegs	Aniseed
" Sassafras	Mace
" Wintergreen	Saffron
" Orange	Gum Senegal
" Allspice	Gum Arabic
" Cinnamon Bark	Gum Gedda
" Cloves	Sweet Oil, &c.
" Tonka Beans	

JORDAN & CABB,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Corner Sycamore and Washington Streets,
July 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.
For sale by JORDAN & CABB,
Petersburg, July 27-tf Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!
The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CABB,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

Wheat Bran.

FIVE HUNDRED BUSHELS for sale on account of shipment, by
July 29-tf DOUGLAS BELL, Commission Merchant.

WANTED!

A SITUATION AS SALESMAN in either a Dry Goods or Grocery Store, for the remainder of the year. The very best reference given. Address
Raleigh, Aug. 1-1w W. E. MOORE.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!
2,500 bushels White Corn, at
July 31-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SUGAR! SUGAR!! SUGAR!!!
15,000 lbs. Sugar, different grades, on hand at
July 31-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!! MOLASSES!!!
2,000 gallons Molasses at
July 31-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANDY! CANDY!!
500 lbs. Fresh Candy just received at
July 31-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP.
June 22-tf Just received by UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS NORK FINE SALT
For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER
For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF COFFEE, Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Meal, Meal, Meal.

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

500 BUSHELS
For sale at low price.
July 16-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

10,000 LBS. RIB SIDES
Just received by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Family Roe Herring.

20 HALF BARRELS.
In Store and for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale at low price, to close consignment.
June 29-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel.
Just received by
June 26 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.
25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
20 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 23-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PEE DEE CAROLINA RICE.
Just received by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN, PRIME WHITE. The cheapest in town. For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SOLE LEATHER.

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf BROWN & EDWARDS'S.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.
10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5-tf At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.
25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine "
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5-tf At ANDREWS'.

10 CASES ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—A CHOICE
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

50 BOXES FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN
Just received.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.
Fayetteville St.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 44 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of Choice
Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY:
300 lbs. Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 9-156-tf

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow Chow and Pickles, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Cotton Yarns.

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale.
July 16-1w JAS. M. TOWLES, Commission Merchant.

44 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, July 16-tf With Hart & Lewis.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

GENUINE IMPORTED

WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING Brands:
"Carte Blanche"
"Bonay Ruyns"
"Fleur de Selery"
"Heidsick"
Choice S. C. Sappropang, on draught and in cases.
Port, Madeira and Sherry, in casks
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whisky.
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" Brandy.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 11-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CORN!
1,000 bushels now in store.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 29-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

Cheese! Cheese!
Just received a lot of Choice Factory Cheese.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 29-tf Auc'rs & Com Merchants.

Seed Wheat.

CHOICE MARYLAND SEED WHEAT
A limited consignment
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 28-tf Auc'rs and Com Merchants.

BACON.
Choice N. C. Hams, Sides and Shoulders. Also Western Shoulders, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

SUGAR! SUGAR!
An assorted supply just received.
July 29-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Just Received and For Sale,

FIVE BBLS. SYRUP; 5 do Whiskey and Cut Herrings, cheap. Labrador Herrings, large, bright and good, 9 87 per bbl.
W. H. JONES & CO.
July 30-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale,

40 SHARES RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK Stock.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 30-tf Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.

HAMS! HAMS!
Another lot of beautiful Family Hams.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

COTTON SEED MEAL,
For Milch Cows.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale,

FORTY SHARES OF N. C. R. R. STOCK.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 24-tf Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

J. R. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of Norfolk and Portsmouth, Liverpool, or London, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Lumber, Grain and all merchandize.
Liberal advances made on produce in hand.
June 17-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.
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W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.
E. BARNES, M. D.
R. W. KING, M. D.
R. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hefely certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.
T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and tedious kind restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
☞ It is PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.
☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, Md.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold by druggists by all the principal WHOLESALE DEALERS, in all large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.
All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
No. 3 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

Rib Sides.

FIVE THOUSAND LBS. RIB SIDES.
25 bbls. Rio and Java Coffee for sale low, to close, by
July 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proved to be the cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses low. Strictly a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the surplus and rate method known; and if a member dies, he must but two or three payments, and receive his proportionate amount.
Will name Policies on any plan devised.
S. D. WALT, General Ag't,
June 5-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with a Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.
Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.
It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
Jan 28-146-tf Salisbury, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. FRIZROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under license solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With-house, under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,		$1 25
10	do do do	2 25
50	do kegs do	10 00
200	do barrels, do	35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 5 pound canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insect of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of sores, eruptions and Canker of all kinds. 40 cents per lb. or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets $3.00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry. Equal for a decided in quantities.
June 25-3m

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA.

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 25th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Those going from the South will take Penn & Va. R. R. to Hunnel's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the springs.
☞ Board $3 per day. June 12-1Aug5

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,
AT
NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,
June 25-1m Raleigh, N. C.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:
SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;
And all DRESS GOODS in proportion
A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS &c.,
At the old stand of
Nov. 27—99-tf **S. H. YOUNG.**

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS, GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of
Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,
India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.
☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,

STONE JARS,
JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.
Just received at
July 10-tf **THOS. H. BRIGGS'.**

RALEIGH

SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to
July 10-tf THOS. H. BRIGGS, Proprietor.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Reebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	Empress Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magnet Range,
Plated Cocks,	Japanese Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
The Bath Tube with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co.'s Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Store Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.
Hams, Fountains,	
Hot and Wash Boilers,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
May 15-1y

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular saddlery establishment.
They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.
Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th door North of Post Office and opposite Market square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-tf

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake county, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. R. Rogers, Administrator and J. R. Rogers against Sam H. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on the 29th day of August, 1868 at 12 o'clock, M., all the Real Estate of the late Sion Rogers, subject to the widow's dower.
The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.
TERMS.—Twelve months credit.
The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.
J. BOWAN ROGERS,
July 18-4td Commissioner.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL-STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT DOES TO SAY)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA R. & G. R. R.

WE inaugurate at this time the Great Through Inland Air Line Route to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and south, for the last ten years, as the only Through Shipping Route North and South Carolina will ever We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come one hundred per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points North and South, and by many Lines.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!
To insure your Freight being carried over this Great Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignees to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., on *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich st. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, Freight Agent.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:
Via Alexandria, 9 Pratt, Washington and Baltimore Depot, or Adams Line of Steamers, 14 St. Delaware Avenue; W. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Tagg, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 30 Light street Wharf.
Neill Mann, Agent at Raleigh N. C.
Aug 6-303-tf

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., }
OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER & MINES, }
Raleigh, N. C., May 20th 1868. }

On and after May 20th, 1868 Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh.....9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon.....2.00 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon.....2.30 P. M.
Arrives at Raleigh.....6.45 P. M.
Freight train leaves Raleigh.....7.15 P. M.
" arrives at Raleigh 12.00 M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South.

A. S. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1831.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.
Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales & the highest market prices.
Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.
Liberal advances made on produce on hand.
Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., Col. Chas. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. J. Mebane, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. A. Hill, Lunenburg; Gen. Junius Harrison, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & Son, Washington.
Norfolk, Va., June 4—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on ARRIVAL,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd Staves,
500,000 White Oak Hhd " Norfolk
100,000 White Oak " Headings, Inspection.
25,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak do,

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.
Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to
CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.
He has devoted much time and treated Female Consumption, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Also diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.
Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.
Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.
Information promptly furnished upon application.
W. B. ASTEN & CO.,
June 17-3m 25 PEARL St., New York City.

FRESH PEACHES!
In dozen 2 lb. Cans (qts.) $4.00 per doz.
" 6 lb. " (3qts.) $8.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.
Apply to
Feb 19-164-tf E. H. POGUE, Hillsboro, N. C.

Grocery and Commission Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES to carry on, at his old place of business, on Hargett street, the **Grocery and Commission Business** in its various branches.
He will always keep on hand everything usually found in a FIRST-CLASS Family Grocery establishment. There is no necessity for particularizing.
The stringency of the times compels him to adopt, strictly,
THE CASH SYSTEM!
Do not therefore, send orders, or scrips, or make application for credit
He will pay prompt attention to, and make regular returns on account of, all CONSIGNMENTS, to be sold on COMMISSION.
REFERENCES: Gov. Jonathan Worth and Jno. G. Williams, Esq., Raleigh.
Raleigh, July 21-1m RUFUS K. FERRELL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months,	$2 00
Six months,	4 00
One year,	8 00
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" " " six months,	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET!

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

CORRUPTION OF PUBLIC MEN.

A careful inquiry into the conduct and characters of the public men, who control the legislative bodies of the Republic, both State and National, forces the conclusion that never, in the history of the country, has there been so much corruption, personal baseness and venality among them as at present. Within the last thirty years, it has been believed that, here and there among our public men, they had their price, but only since the beginning of the late civil war have the legislative bodies been very corrupt!

Charges of corruptions for years have been made against Northern Legislatures and the Congress. Now and then, particular instances of venality and corruption have been made public, but neither the press nor the pulpit have ever as specifically and faithfully denounced them as they should have done.

The great sin of the country is, and has been, the *love of money*. Formerly, before the demoralization of the people had become so general, most men, who sought public position, were impelled by a desire for fame and popular honor. The sources of society, the family circle and family discipline, had not then become so much neglected as at present. In late years, political office has been sought as a vocation, as a means of making money, and we are informed that, in Congress and the Northern States, this has become general, because of the corrupting influence exerted upon the legislation of the country.

Henry Ward Beecher, in one of his late slashing sermons on the text "Thou shalt not steal," says that the buying and selling of votes, especially in the large cities, has become alarmingly prevalent. It is done, he says, without shame; and sometimes men sell their votes a hundred times over. He says the municipal bodies of large cities are proverbially dishonest.

The Legislatures of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island and Kansas, have the reputation of being regularly bought and sold, and it is said that the Legislatures of Massachusetts and Connecticut, Ohio and Iowa, have been intensely corrupted.

Congress, which is, no doubt, the theatre of corruption and venality, on a grander scale than any of the Legislatures, Beecher allows to pass with a slightly depreciatory notice. If the facts connected with these corruptions could be brought out and published to the world, good would be accomplished. Here is a good field for the operations of an intelligent detective. If the publishers of the North, who are filling the country now with *cheap* publications, would get out a reliable and full disclosure of the corruptions of the times in this regard, they would do a good thing for themselves and the public. What is wanted are facts, well-supported, in order to effect such an exposure as will drive the guilty from public life.

The field for corruption in Congress, we are told, is very large. It is said that a seat in Congress to a pliant man is worth from $80,000 to $150,000 per annum. The Pacific Railroad, the Whiskey Ring, the Indian treaties and public lands, have been great sources of corruption.

In North Carolina, we have been strangers to this state of things. In former years, we have heard of men's votes being bought in the ordinary elections, but this has been confined to the most ignorant and abandoned of society. We know no instance in a North Carolina Legislature, in which any particular individual has been charged, upon good ground, with having been bribed.

The advent of the carpet baggers into this State was the harbinger of this species of corruption among us. It is believed, and was charged, during the late so-called "Constitutional Convenshun," that corrupt influences prevailed in successfully carrying several projects through that body, in which Northern bondholders were interested. The investigations made resulted in no discoveries, but we nevertheless find that many believe that "black mail" was employed effectually. The very same influences are at work in the present Legislature. The manœuverings and manipulations of certain carpet-baggers, supposed to control a pretty large amount of funds, indicate this. Keen operators do not require much money in order to success here. The parties to be reached are not much used to a plethoric purse, and, therefore, can be more easily persuaded as to the utility, propriety and safety of any measure proposed!

We shall not hesitate to expose the actors in any scheme into which the Legislature may be led by designing men, against the present or future interests of the people of the State, when we can reach the facts in a proper way.

THERE IS NOT a day that passes that we do not hear the plaintive jeremiad from scallawags, that they are tabooed and ignored by the respectable portion of the community—that they are the objects of aversion and scorn. Yes, that is so. Do they not merit it? The scorn of the worth and intelligence of the South *does* follow them. Our children are growing up to despise them. And why? Have they any claim upon the confidence of society? Does not their legislation tend to degrade and injure their fellow-citizens? Are they not marplots in the State, to disturb the peace and welfare of the community? Have they not abandoned their old friends, their old associations, their old principles? Have they not abandoned their race, ignored the distinctions which God, and society, and history, have always made between the black and white races, from a selfish, petty motive—for the sake of office and position, which they have obtained by unlawful votes of negroes? Have they not joined in with the political crusaders upon Southern rights and Southern honor, putting down the white men and elevating the negro? Are they surprised that they rise or fall with the negro?—that public sentiment puts them with the negro? Yes, they deserve what they get, until they repent of their course, purge themselves of their hypocrisy and filth, and go back whence they started!

WASTE AND EXTRAVAGANCE.—The representatives of negro constituencies in the Legislature are foremost in every scheme of extravagance and plunder. Several of them have declared upon the floor of either House, that *their* constituents never complained of any legislation that their representatives thought necessary, whatever the amount of taxation it might involve. This is so. The negroes have not complained, and will not complain, at any amount of extravagance and waste of the public money.—They pay little or none of it, and never intend to, and many of them are in favor of letting scallawags and carpet-baggers have free access to it, in the hope that they will get a share. But the *white people* pay the taxes, and *they* have a right to complain of waste and exorbitance by those who misrepresent, oppress and would humiliate them!

[Special Correspondence of the Balt. Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Decidedly the most impudent proposition which ever emanated from the Radical dictators is that looking to the transfer of the power to elect Presidential electors to the bogus Legislatures of the Southern States. I hinted the other day that the Jacobins had despaired of carrying the "reconstructed" States, even by the votes of their own chosen dupes. Simultaneously, however, with this new and shameless dodge, intelligence comes that the so-called Legislature of Georgia has repudiated the dastardly wretch, Joe Brown, and the indicted felon, Bledgett. Another change of tactics in that State is, therefore, now necessary, and it has been suggested that Georgia, together with Maryland, Kentucky, Missouri and Delaware, be ignored in the count by the House, the latter four States not having squared their electoral votes with the requirements of the "fourteenth article." The excellent letter of General Blair is held up as a scare-crow to hide the revolutionary purposes of the Jacobins. A blind man may see to what purpose things are tending. The Radicals do not intend to be beaten, *without plunging the country into war*. They are the real authors of the recent war, and are determined to maintain their power at all hazards.

In this view it becomes the people of this country to scan "the situation" in earnest. The regular army is under the command of Grant, the candidate of the Radicals. A wide spread secret military organization, under the command of Logan, called "the League," has its headquarters here in Washington. The negroes are being armed, under sub-commanders at the South, and orders are being daily issued by the cabal, of which Schenck is the head, at the "National Capital," plainly contemplating the use of force in thrusting Grant into the Presidential office. "Forwarned" should lead to being "forearmed!" If the people expect their voice in the November election to be heard and regarded at all, they must be prepared to enforce it. If they show anything like the white feather, nothing can save the nation from revolution, anarchy and bloodshed. The Radicals have no longer a hope of fairly electing their ticket. They are looking solely to revolution to effect their purposes.

The public, by the way, have a very inadequate idea of the indebtedness of the Government. The official figures only show the amount due on bonds and notes. The unliquidated debt has never been stated.—From official documents, it appears that the total amount of expenditure of the United States from 1861 to 1867, was $7,710,185,835 88—nearly twice as much as the whole British debt.

The War and Navy Departments cost us, by official accounts, during those years:

	War Department.	Navy Department.
1861	$169,157,794	$29 889,176
1862	479,425,277	47,548,109
1863	656,143,280	85,590,101
1864	815,549,293	112,316,305
1865	848,292,733	103,554,337
1866	314,311,351	46,997,283
1867	156,177,563	39,345,022

The real debt of the United States cannot, at this moment, be less than six thousand millions of dollars, and this amount is due and owing to foreigners and citizens of Northern birth, principally at the North and East.

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR IN PHILADELPHIA.—The Philadelphia *Age* has the following communication:

"We feel proud to learn that one hundred German citizens in one of the upper wards of the city, who have hitherto voted the Radical ticket, have declared their intention to support Seymour and Blair. The German citizens of the Sixth Ward are also flocking to the support of the Democratic party, being unwilling to belong any longer to such a corrupt, radical, and revolutionary party as that now in power. The Germans, not only in the upper wards, but all over the city, are coming into the Democratic ranks. We take pleasure in stating, on the authority of Dr. Roth, one of the leading German citizens of the Sixth Ward, and who is well posted as to the German sentiment through the city, that three-fourths of the Germans will support Seymour and Blair and the other Democratic nominees."

There is no third party. All the thieves of the revenue and of the whiskey ring, and the stealers of spoons, and horses, and pianos, may unite to form one, but at present they belong to the Republican party.

VOTE for Grant and Colfax and you vote for war and revolution.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

MONDAY, Aug 3, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Hudson, of the M. E. Church.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

From the Committee on Internal Improvements: A bill to amend the Charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Rail Road Company, recommending its passage.

A Communication from the Code Commission, transmitting "a bill concerning the fees of Clerks of the Superior Court, Sheriffs, Registers of Deeds, Solicitors, Coroners, Constables, Justices of the Peace and Jurors. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Winstead: A bill from the Code Commissioners, concerning the jurisdiction and powers of Clerks of the Superior Courts and proceedings before them, as Judges of Probate. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. Rich: A bill to incorporate Respass Guano Company. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Etheridge: A bill to protect the fowling interests of Currituck county.

By Mr. Martindale: A bill to organize a "*National Guard*" in the State. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Legg: A bill for the preservation of the public health. [This bill provides for a quarantine at the mouth of the Cape Fear River and the construction of a Hospital.]

By Mr. Harrington: A bill to amend the charter of the Cape Fear Navigation Company. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

By Mr. Osborne. A bill to amend the charter of the Mecklenburg Female College.

By Mr. Jones, of Wake: A bill to incorporate the North State Swamp Land, Naval Store and Lumber Company.

By Mr. Welker: A resolution directing the Committee on Privileges and Elections to report at once in reference to the claim of J. W. Stevens to a seat in the Senate. Adopted.

By Mr. Blythe: A resolution providing for the payment of $3 *per diem* to the Pages in each House. Adopted.

By Mr. Welker: A resolution allowing $78.66 for printing certain bills for the use of the Senate. Adopted.

BILLS ON CALENDAR.

Bill providing for the settlement of the estates of deceased persons was amended, and passed its second reading.

Bill to punish conspiracy, sedition and rebellion: By motion of Mr. Osborne, it was laid on the table, and ordered to be printed.

Bill to regulate capital punishment, passed its second reading.

Bill to amend an Ordinance respecting the jurisdiction of the Courts in the State, passed its second reading.

Bill to prevent the sacrifice of property under execution passed its second reading.

The bill providing for the payment of the burial expenses of the late Senator, Mr. Hall, and allowing his widow *per diem* and mileage from the beginning to the end of the session, was taken up.

Mr. Blythe offered a substitute, *instructing* each member of the General Assembly to pay $5, out of his own pocket, for the benefit of the widow. *Not considered muchly!*

Mr. Cook moved to amend the resolution, by striking out "the end of the session" and inserting "1st. Aug."

Mr. Love moved an amendment by inserting up to the day of his death; which was lost.

Mr. Cooke's amendment was adopted and the bill passed.

Bill to regulate the admission of Attorneys to practice law in the several courts of the State was rejected.

Resolutions authorizing the printing of ten copies of each law enacted by this General Assembly, for each member, passed.

On motion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

MONDAY, Aug. 3, 1868.

House called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Shaver, of the House.

A communication from the Code Commission was received, concerning the fees of Clerks, Sheriffs, Registers and other county officers. Lies over.

A message was received from the Senate, notifying the House of the passage of the bill entitled "Civil Procedure," and one regulating Sheriff's bonds.

Seymour, from the Judiciary Committee, reported adversely to the petition of certain citizens, praying the abolition of capital punishment.

The same reported adversely upon a bill repealing the present stay law.

By Stevens: A resolution authoring the Treasurer to pay J. J. Sawyer for services as Engrossing Clerk, before the election of that officer. The resolution passed, under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Barnett, on the part of the Committee on Corporations, reported back the bill laying off counties into townships, and asked the reference of the bill to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Mr. Whitley, on the part of the majority of the same Committee, reported adversely to the bill.

Both reports, with the bill, were ordered to be printed.

CALENDAR.

The Senate Resolution, authorizing the Treasurer to borrow one hundred thousand dollars, passed its final reading.

Senate bill No. 36, authorizing Clerks of Superior Courts to take the privy examination of *femes covert*, passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Seymour, the rules were suspended and the bill was put on its third reading.

Laflin (c. b.) moved to amend, by authorising Justices of the Peace to take said examination.

Morris (negro,) was hugely delighted with the amendment.

Seymour and Mr. Sinclair opposed it, and the latter moved to amend by limiting the jurisdiction of the Justices of the Peace in the premises to sale, where the consideration does not exceed $50.

Stilley moved to substitute, by authorizing the clerk to issue a commission to any Justice to take the examination. Lost.

The question recurred upon Mr. Sinclair's amendment, which was lost.

Laflin's amendment was then adopted, and the bill, as amended, passed its final reading.

A bill to suspend the collection of taxes in certain counties until the 15th. of September was taken up and rejected.

A general bill to the same effect was next read, and, on motion of sleepy Downing, ordered to be printed.

The Chair announced the hour for the special order, viz: The Police bill.

Ashworth, (the unwashed,) moved to postpone it until to-morrow, 11 o'clock.

Mr. Pou moved its indefinite postponement. He said he saw nothing unconstitutional in the bill. It was expensive, but not so much so as some gentlemen thought; yet its expensiveness was one of his objections to it. His main objection to the bill was that it was wholly unnecessary. He believed in the old system of government, where civil authority, and civil authority alone, shall extend its beneficent sway over all, and when, besides its authority, there would be none other. He said the sheriff was made, by the common law and by the statute law, a police officer, and with the power to call out the entire body politic of the county, he would be able to quiet any disturbance.

Ashworth wanted to know if the Constitution did not require the Legislature to organize and arm the militia. Mr. Pou replied "certainly," but that this was no militia bill, and before the gentlemen could question him upon that subject, he (Ashworth) must change the features, as well as the name, of the bill.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) moved to lay the motion to postpone indefinitely upon the table.

Mr. Sinclair called for the yeas nays.—The call was sustained, and, the roll being called, resulted, yeas 47, nays 36, as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Ashworth, Blair, Barnes, Carson, Clayton, of Chowan, Crawford, (negro,) Cawthorn, (negro,) Downing, Ellington, Foster, Gahagan, Gunter, Gilbert, Graham, Hutchings, (negro,) Harris, of Wake, (negro,) Horney, Hayes, (negro,) Hendricks, Ingram, Justice, of Rutherford, Kinney, Kelly, of Moore, Leary, (negro,) Laflin, Morrill, Morris, (negro,) Mendenhall, McCanless, Moring, Price, (negro,) Proctor, Robbins, (negro,) Renfrow, Reynolds, (negro,) Rea, Stilley, Simonds, Seymour, Stevens, Short, Siegrist, Vestal, Vest, Wilson, Wiswall, and Waldrop.

NAYS.—Messrs. Argo, Armstrong, Boddie, Clayton, of Transylvania, Cherry, (negro,) Davis, Durham, Davidson, Farrow, Gatling, Gibson, Grier, Hodnett, Hicks, High, Humphries, Harris, of Franklin, Hinnant, Hawkins, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Long, of Chatham, Moore, Matheson, Nicholson, Pou, Parker, Proffitt, Robinson, Smith, of Allegany, Smith, of Martin, Sinclair, Shaver, Thompson, Whitley, and Williams.

The question then recurred on Ashworth's motion to postpone until to-morrow; which was put to a vote and carried.

Hayes (negro) called up his resolution to prevent members from absenting themselves for more than two days, without leave.—The rules were suspended and the resolution was adopted.

Stevens moved to reconsider the vote upon the bill to prohibit the sale of liquor upon election days. Carried.

Seymour moved a suspension of the rules, to take up a bill entitled "an act for the government of counties." Carried.

Downing said as the bill was a long one, he moved to make it the special order for Thursday next, at 11 o'clock. Carried.

A message was read from the Senate, returning the bill in reference to the sale of liquor on election days.

Stevens moved to add the words, "or give away," and strike out the words, "by the small measure."

Seymour moved to amend by adding the words "at public places."

Mr. Argo said that the House could very properly pass a bill to prevent bribery, but that they could not prevent a gentleman from offering a friend on election day a glass of liquor. Such legislation was simply ridiculous.

Morris (negro) advocated the most stringent measures.

Seymour's amendment was then adopted.

Stevens' amendment, as amended, was then adopted.

Leary (negro) moved to amend by striking out "5 miles" and inserting "12 miles."

Justice, of Rutherford, got off the same witticism which he did when the bill was discussed before, at which nobody, as before, laughed.

Leary's amendment was put to a vote and lost.

The bill, as amended, then passed its final reading.

Seymour moved to suspend the rules and take up the bill of Civil Procedure, as reported by the Code Commission. Carried.

Seymour then moved to refer it to the Committee on Judiciary. Carried.

On motion of the same, the bill in reference to the duties and powers of Superior Court Clerks was referred to the same Committee.

By Ashworth: A bill to protect incoming Sheriffs, when the retiring Sheriffs have collected a part of the taxes. Lies over.

By Estes, (c. b.): A resolution requiring the assumption of the payment of interest on the public debt.

By the same: A bill authorizing the payment of interest on the public debt.

After a great deal of discussion as to whether the resolution and bill should be printed before or after an examination by the Finance Committee, it was determined to refer both to that committee.

On motion of Leary, (negro,) the House then adjourned.

GRANT'S MILITARY ORDER EXPELLING THE JEWS.—We republish the now notorious order of Gen. Grant expelling all Israelites from his military lines:

HEADQUARTERS THIRTEENTH ARMY CORPS,
DEPARTMENT OF THE TENNESSEE,
OXFORD, MISS., December 17, 1862.

General Order No. 11.—The Jews, as a class, violating every regulation of trade established by the Treasury Department, also department orders, are hereby expelled from the department within twenty-four hours from the receipt of this order by post commanders. They will see that all this class of people are furnished with passes and required to leave, and any one returning after such notification will be arrested and held in confinement until an opportunity occurs of sending them out as prisoners, unless furnished with permits from these headquarters. No passes will be given these people to visit headquarters for the purpose of making personal application for trade permits. By order of

Major-General GRANT.

THE NEW GEORGIA SENATOR COMES OUT FOR SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.—*Atlanta Ga*, July 29.—There is a grand demonstration by the Democrats to-night over the election of Hill and Miller to the United States Senate. The city is splendidly illuminated, and an immense crowd in front of the United States Hotel is being addressed by Mr. Miller, who comes out in a fine speech for Seymour and Blair, constitutional liberty, and the Union. General Gordon also spoke, appealing to the people to stand by their country, the Union, and the Constitution, as handed down by Washington and the heroes of Valley Forge, Monmouth, and Yorktown. He spoke of Seymour as a pure and gifted statesman, and of Blair as the people's soldier, who, at the close of the war, laid his sword as a sacrifice on the altar of civil law.

Mr. Hill will probably steer clear of politics, using his influence for the best interests of the country.

"Yah," said Mr. Spretzelwigger, who lowered his beer-glass from his face long enough to tell the story, "I dinks I knows vot vosh de matter mit Bendleton, so dat he vosh not nominated. Tem Seymour vellers vosh too Tam-many for Shorge. Yah!"

NOTICE FOR BUTLER'S COMMITTEE ROOM.—"The nation will not be responsible for coats, hats, umbrellas or cigar-stumps left here."

WHAT RADICALISM COSTS.

Here are plain figures which every day-laborer and every tax-payer can understand. "A Laboring Man" writes the following to the Bangor, Maine, *Democrat*:

"For four days' work in 1859 I could buy a barrel of excellent flour. For an equally good barrel now I have to work eight days.

For one day's work in 1859 I could buy five pounds of tea. For the same day's work I can now buy about two pounds.

For one day's work then I could buy thirty pounds of sugar. For a day's work now I can buy but fifteen pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy eight pounds of tobacco. For a day's work now I can buy but three pounds.

For a day's work in 1859 I could buy fifteen pounds of coffee. For a day's work now I can buy but five pounds.

For one month's work in 1859 I could clothe myself and family for one year.

To do the same now, I am obliged to work two months and a half.

I might thus go through the whole list of articles that a laboring man and his family consume. The fact is that we are permitted to enjoy but one half of the fruits of our labor; the other half goes to the public treasury.

Is it not time for me and my fellow-laborers to look around us, ascertain the cause of this robbery of labor, and apply the remedy?"

Indeed it is time; but the cause of this robbery of labor is already ascertained, and the people will apply the remedy next November. The "Laboring Man" is right when he says that the people are permitted to enjoy but one-half of the fruits of their labor, but he makes an error in stating that "the other half goes to the public treasury." If it did, the public debt would be paid; it goes to support the Southern negroes in idleness; to keep the whites under the bayonets of a huge standing army; and to enrich the plunderers. That is what is done with the people's money, and the cormorants who are sucking the life blood of labor and industry in the country ask the people to sustain them in another four years' term of robbery. The country cannot afford it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

COFFEE! COFFEE!

Forty Bags Rio Coffee, just received at
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANDY! CANDY!

Another supply of newly made Candy, at
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SODA! SODA!

Ten Kegs Cooking Soda, Just received at
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FLOUR! FLOUR!

Fifty bbls. Flour for sale by
Aug. 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

IRISH POTATOES.

A lot of fine Irish Potatoes on consignment at
Aug 3-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Save Your Fruit.

"LIGHTNING APPLE PARERS,"
Just received and for sale by
Aug. 3-tf THOMAS H BRIGGS

Garden and Farm Tools.

WHEELBARROWS, HOES, SHOVELS, &c.
For sale at
Aug 3-tf THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

Oil and Lead.

A FRESH SUPPLY of White Lead, Linseed, Kerosene and Refined Cotton Seed Oils, just received
Aug. 3-tf THOS H. BRIGGS.

Varnishes, Varnishes, Varnishes.

SUPERIOR QUALITY,
For sale at
Aug. 3-3w THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

Hams, Hams, Hams.

SIX HUNDRED POUNDS CHOICE SUGAR-Cured and Canvass Hams.
20 Buckets and 2 bbls. Lard,—all of the best.
Aug. 3-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

SUGAR AND COFFEE.

40 bbls. all grades Sugar.
30 Sacks Rio, Laguyra and Java Coffees.
20 bbls Baltimore Syrups and New Orleans Molasses, in store at
Aug. 3-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON'S.

FINE OLD WHISKIES.

20 Kegs "Nick Williams'" and "Pitting" Whiskey, the BEST and PUREST Whiskey made.
Aug. 3-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON.

IF WE SELL GOODS THAT DO NOT SUIT, our Dray will bring them back, free of charge. Get a Sack of our genuine Family Flour, warranted
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Hams.

1,000 LBS. SUGAR-CURED HAMS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

2,000 LBS. N. C HAMS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Sides.

400 LBS. N. C SIDES.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

20 KEGS OF F F. P. POWDER.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

SHOT OF ALL SIZES.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

LARD.
2,000 pounds, warranted, for sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

SUMMER CAMPAIGN!!!

1868.

GOOD NEWS TO BUYERS!

M. ROSENBAUM,

HAVING CONCLUDED TO CLOSE OUT HIS ENTIRE Stock of

CLOTHING,

Consisting, in part, of

BLACK CLOTH COATS,
BLACK DOESKIN PANTS,
FANCY CASSIMERE SUITS,
(Suitable for Fall and Winter wear,)
SILK VESTS,
LINEN SUITS,
ALPACA COATS,
&c., &c., &c.

He offers the same

AT COST!

As they must be closed out in less than

SIXTY DAYS!!

ALSO a large assortment of Summer

DRESS GOODS!!

At 20, 22½ and 25 cents per yard—worth from 30 to 50 cts.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Aug. 1-tf No. 16 Fayetteville Street.

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College,
FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 18th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:
Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to
June 15-tf T. M. JONES, President.

Wake Forest College, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement, of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages its friends to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$20,00
" " Collegiate Course,	25,00
Board per week in private families (table fare)	2 50 to 3,00
Board, per week, with lodging,	2 0 to 2,75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	8,00
Servants' hire "	3,00
Washing, per month,	1,50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

June 22-3awtAug18 W. T. BROOKS, Sec. Board of Trustees.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, Va.

THE NEXT SESSION opens 3d Thursday in Sept., 1868, and closes 4th Thursday in June, 1869. The Faculty consists of

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT,
with Professors of Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Modern Languages, Moral Philosophy, History and English Language and Literature, Applied Mathematics Natural Philosophy, Chemistry and Law and Equity. These are distributed into: 1 Faculty of Arts; 2 Faculty of Science; 3 Faculty of Literature and Philosophy; 4, Faculty of Law. In each of these is conferred a distinct Bachelor's Degree, and the Degree of *Master of Arts* is open alike to students in each course. In the Department of Science are conferred, also, *Professional Diplomas* of Civil Engineer and Mining Engineer. By the aid of a full corps of assistant Professors, provision is made for thorough drilling in the Departments of English, Ancient and Modern Languages and Mathematics.

EXPENSES.—All necessary expenses need not exceed $225.

For full particulars apply to
July 30-3w E. C. GORDON, Clerk of Faculty.

University of Virginia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH SESSION of this institution will begin on the 1st day of Oct. 1868, and end on the Thursday before the 4th of July, 1869.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

Estimated expenses—exclusive of books, clothing and pocket-money—of the *Academic* student $360; of the Law Student $365, and of the Medical Student $395.

For particulars send for Catalogue to William Wertenbaker, Sec. or R. MAUPIN, Chairman of the Faculty,
July 31-2w* P. O. University of Va."

Mecklenburg Female College.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address

July 14-tf THE PRESIDENT, Charlotte, N. C.

Chowan Baptist Female Institute.
MURFREESBORO', N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Wednesday in October, with a full corps of able and experienced Instructors.

In view of the diminished means of our people, and in order to afford the advantages of education to as great a number as possible, the Trustees have reduced the charges for Board and Tuition as low as is consistent with the large facilities afforded.

For full information, address
July 16-2w* A. McDOWELL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Inks, Black and Colored.

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION of our brethren of the Press, we keep on hand, in kegs of 25 to 50 lbs, NEWS INK, at Philadelphia prices.

Also, in quantities from ¼ lb. to 1 lb. or more COLORED INKS. Also small cans of fine BOOK INKS. Forwarded by Express, C. O. D.
Aug. 3-tf W. E. PELL.

NOTICE.

ON SATURDAY, THE 22d DAY OF AUGUST next, I shall expose to public sale, on the premises, by virtue of an order of Johnston County Court, the following Tracts of Land, belonging to the estate of Edwin S. Sanders, deceased, on a credit of six and twelve months, to-wit:

One Tract, containing 151 acres, known as the White Oak Lands. One Tract lying on Swift Creek, about four miles West of Smithfield, containing 210 acres. One other Tract joining the above tract, containing about 300 acres. On said land there is a good Mill site and Mill-house and two good dwellings with necessary outhouses.

Said lands will be sold in tracts to suit purchasers.

Any person wishing to view the lands, will please call on the undersigned or Wm. B. Lancaster, who resides on the premises.

JOHN W. HODGES, Aug. 1-2awtd Executor.

TURNIP SEED! TURNIP SEED!
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

5,000 LBS. WESTERN SIDES.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
Aug. 3-tf

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.
June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders
Jan 29 148-tf BRANSON & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols. just received and for sale at
June 19-tf BRANSON & JONES' Raleigh,

New and Elegant Books,

JUST RECEIVED!

Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakspeare's "
" " Burns' and others
Abbotsford Waverly Novels.
All new, nice and cheap, at
July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'.

MISCELLANEOUS

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON,
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. THOLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868

NOTICE

All claims against the late firm of "Powell, Wilson & Co." will be settled by the undersigned and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up.

A. M. POWELL.
Catawba Station, N. C., July 15-2awtw

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see
June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF

EXCELLENCE,

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—13w

LIME, LIME, LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to deliver Lime at Salisbury Station at (12) twelve dollars per ton.

The freight on the N. C. R. R. is

From Salisbury to Concord	60c. per ton.	
" " Charlotte	$1.00	" "
" " Greensboro'	1.00	" "
" " Camp Shops	1.40	" "
" " Hillsboro'	1.80	" "
" " Durham's	1 85	" "
" " Raleigh,	2 15	" "

A. M. POWELL.
Catawba Station, N. C., July 24-2w6w

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

FORMERLY

BROWN'S,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

POTTS & SHELLEY, Proprietors.
July 25-2w

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.

June 27-4July31 W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

MARKET SQUARE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

July 25-tf

PHOTOGRAPHS!

GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT

WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.

June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1868.

TO MONTHLY SUBSCRIBERS.

Those who subscribed for the *Sentinel* at the beginning of the session of the Legislature, and paid for one month, are reminded that the time for renewal has arrived.

COUNTY CONVANTION.

We are requested to announce that a Convention of delegates, from each Captain's District in the County of Wake, will meet at the Court House, in Raleigh, on the second Saturday, (being the 8th. day,) of August next, to appoint delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention, and to make such other arrangements as may be deemed necessary.

Our friends throughout the County are urged to hold meetings at once, to send delegates, and to form SEYMOUR and BLAIR Clubs.

All the friends of Seymour and Blair are invited to attend the County Convention.

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.

Notwithstanding the exceeding inclemency of the weather, the Court House was filled, last night, with a large and highly intelligent audience of our Democractic and Conservative citizens.

We have only space and time to say, this morning, that the meeting was ably and effectively addressed by the Hon. J. W. Osborne and W. L. Love, Esq., of the Senate, and Plato Durham, Esq., of the House of Representatives. Each and all of these gentlemen forcibly protested, in terms of great forbearance and moderation, against the pending Legislative measures looking to the arming of one portion of our citizens against the other, and eloquently pourtrayed the desire of the great majority of the people of North Carolina for peace, and the settlement of the exciting questions at issue by the quiet agency of the ballot-box. Their views were heartily applauded.

After the appointment of fifty delegates to the County Convention, which is to be held on Saturday next, and the adoption of a resolution requesting the Young Men's Seymour and Blair Club to make all proper and necessary arrangements for the approching Democratic State Convention, the meeting adjourned amid much enthusiasm. Proceedings to morrow.

FINE WATERMELONS.—The Editors make their acknowledgements to K. R. Weathers, Esq., for two very luscious watermelons. Mr. Weathers may be found, throughout each day, at his stand immediately in front of the Market-House, with a large assortment of the finest melons, which he sells on accommodating terms. Give him a call.

MORE PROSCRIPTION.—We learn that the Yankee-negro-scallawag Board of Directors of the Institution for the Deaf, the Dumb and Blind met on Saturday afternoon, and removed the energetic and faithful Steward, Mr. J. A. Leach, and elected one Ellis, in his place, who hails from somewhere in this County. Mr. Leach's only offence is that he is not a Radical, for the Board took occasion to express a high commendation of the manner in which he had discharged his laborious duties. This is a most shameful outrage, but it is in entire keeping with Holden's declaration that no office or employment in the State shall be filled by any one who does not sustain him and his party.

At the same time, Mr. Mansfield, the efficient and vigilant watchman of the Institution, was displaced to make room for J. R. Caswell, a mulatto of this City. While it is a burning shame that Mr. H. should have been ostracized for his political opinions, *we* will do John the credit to say that he is a very well behaved and industrious colored man.

This mongrel Board did not stop here. Radicalism has no regard for sex, age or condition. That estimable and accomplished lady, Mrs. Nellie Young, whose services in the Musical Department of the Institution have been so valuable, was also turned out of the position which she has so long graced. Her place was filled by Mrs. Slatey, (formerly Miss Carncrom,) who has been in this City, only a few months, engaged in giving dancing lessons.

In view of such developments as these, repeated day after day, it behooves Conservatives and Democrats, more and more, to stand by each other, to give the preference in employment to each other, and in every way closely to maintain and promote each others interests. Will they not resolve, in every primary meeting, to do this, and then carry their resolves, *practically*, into effect?

"WEARING THE GREY."—Rev. Mr. S. N. Whitson is out in a card in the Radical paper, in which he declares that he never was a "rebel,"—even when circulating that "rebel" document, "Wearing the Grey." He says (we quote *verbatim*) that he is "suggesting a few plain and practical facts as to the best means for the *recomplishment* of the greatest ends, whereby *peach* shall be restored, &c." We are perfectly satisfied and knock right under. If he can *recomplish peach*, it's all right.

THE BOARD of Trustees of Randolph Macon College have resolved to move that Institution from Mecklenburg, Va., to Ashland, and determined that the next Session shall open at the last-mentioned place, on the 1st. of October. Col. Johnson has resigned the Presidency of the College, and Dr. Landon C. Garland, of Mississippi, one of the best *belles lettres* scholars in the country, has been elected to fill the vacancy.

COLORED DEMOCRATS.—A colored Democratic Club in the Sixth Ward of the City of Charleston is over eight hundred strong.

ARE YOU for war, for military rule, for an Imperial central government and for a Dictator or Emperor? Vote for Grant and Colfax.

MILITARY DESPOTISM.

We publish, on our first page, a card from nine of the Columbus (Ga.) prisoners, whose account of the treatment which they have experienced fully accords with that of hundreds under the military rule the Southern people have been subjected to,—especially in the command of Gen. Meade. Many cases have occurred, which have not yet been brought to light. Hundreds, perhaps, are yet incarcerated in the various forts and penitentiaries, by the verdict of Military Commissions. These things ought to subject the District Commanders to the most rigid investigations of a Court Martial. If Gen. Grant is a friend of peace or of the simplest justice, he would have these investigations at once. He is responsible to the country for the despotic acts of his subordinates.

A "LOIL" CHURCH.—We learn that a meeting of Radicals was held at the Capitol, on Sunday afternoon last, to take into consideration the propriety and necessity of establishing, in this City, "a loil Church and Congregation," where they can worship "under their own vine and fig-tree." The venerable "Pilgrim," Ashley, was called to the Chair. The movement seems to have been started under the auspices of Rev. Willis L. Miller, now of Charlotte, formerly a very earnest Secessionist and war man, who doffed his clerical robes, at the outset of the war, to become a Captain of a Company in the Confederate service.—Messrs. Ashley, Brewer, Miller and Whitson, of the ministry, and such pious laymen as "Gov." Holden, Gen. Byron Laflin, "Attorney General" Coleman, Speaker Joseph W. Holden, and others, very ardently approved of the movement, and about $300 were raised to carry out the project. We learn that the Speaker of the House proposed, at the close, the formation *of a Choir*. The meeting was accordingly closed by the singing of the doxology, to the tune of Old Hundred, in which the colored sisters joined most lustily.

It is said that the speakers, on this occasion, alleged that Radicals were compelled to take this step, in self protection, for the reason that they and their children were slurred at all the other churches. Men, whose hands are so completely raised against others, and who are so intensely proscriptive as these men are, very naturally conclude that other people taboo and shun them. They see the mote in other people's eyes, but never the beam in their own. Abolitionism and fanaticism drove many from the churches, North, but we undertake to say that there is no foundation for the charge that Radicals are treated unkindly and unchristianly at any of our churches.

It is also untrue that they have political sermons at our churches. We have heard of no such sermons at any of the *white* churches in the city. That ministers of the Gospel, who are Radicals, are not invited to officiate in the churches, for the reason that a good portion of the congregations will not hear them, is true, to some extent; but that any man who goes, as a hearer, to any of our churches, is treated improperly, because of his political opinions, is false.

The movement we consider a very proper one in itself. These people really need Church privileges, and if they *cannot enjoy* them with others, it is proper they should get up a "loil" Church of their own. We learn that the name of the "Church of the *Strangers*" was suggested, as a proper name, but the suggestion was not acceptable!

For the Sentinel.

GEN. BLAIR—THE UNIVERSITY—NEUSE PAPER MILLS, &c.

Messrs Editors:—The Radical papers, North, are commenting on the charge of the *Standard*, that Gen. Blair passed through College in one month, and was "*expelled*" from the University of North Carolina.

Gen. Blair entered the Sophomore class hall advanced, and remained one year, at the end of which time he left "without censure and at his own request," and joined the Junior class at Princeton, where he graduated with distinction in the class of 1841. The Faculty books at Chapel Hill record but one instance, where Gen. Blair was summoned before the Faculty, and that for a very trivial offence.

Another "fact" of the *Standard*, in regard to Gen. Blair complicity in the burning of Neuse River paper mills, I beg to mention. If any of the *standard's* readers were in Raleigh, at the time, they well know that Gen. Blair's corps, the 17th., was Gen. Sherman's rear guard, and did not reach Raleigh in three days after the mills were burned.

If the Editor would like to do justice to a brave soldier, and will enquire of Mr. Royster, the Superintendent, he will find that the mill was burned by a pet Radical leader in Illinois, *Gen. Logan!* H.

For the Sentinel.

CARTERET COUNTY, July 27, 1868.

Messrs. Editors:—I frequently see, in the columns of your paper, the name of a certain Moore mentioned as Senator from Carteret. In future, you will confer a favor on the respectable whites of this county, by reporting him as such "No Moore"—but adding, parenthetically, that said carpet-bagger is from Pennsylvania, *via* James City; for he was defeated by the *citizens* of Carteret and Craven, and elected by the negroes of James City and their allies, the scallawags and carpet-baggers of the two counties. In fine, he is a pure type of Massachusetts character—an itinerant vender of incendiarism. Yours, &c., H.

[Our Reporter in the Senate, not having been treated with the ridiculous discourtesy exhibited by the other House to our Reporter in that body, is careful to be equally courteous, in his official reports, to every member of the Senate. Therefore, Mr. Moore is styled "of Carteret." Those who read the reports can always hereafter understand, for themselves, that "Mr. Moore, of Carteret," is the Mr. Moore from "Pennsylvania, *via* James City."]

General Butler said in a speech, two or three days ago, that President Johnson was more guilty than Judas Iscariot. It is very natural that Ben should have a kind feeling for Judas, for the latter took sundry pieces of silver and carried the bag.

From now until November the order is: Attack the enemy at every point. With ready aim, quick fire and hot shot, we will scatter them like frightened sheep.

GRANT says "Let us have peace." What does he mean but that the "Empire is peace!"

STATE NEWS.

The Superior Court of Halifax, special term, has been in session,—Judge Mitchell presiding. A negro man, named McCray, was convicted of manslaughter for killing his daughter some time last Fall, and a negro boy similarly convicted for killing another negro, near Enfield, a short while since. The Court is at present engaged in the trial of the Wade Ditcher murderers,—Gen. W. R. Cox, Solicitor, and Gen. M. W. Ransom appearing for the State, and Messrs. Conniglan, W. B. Pope, W. H. Day and W. P. Solomon appearing for the prisoners.

P. S. We learn that the argument in this last mentioned case was concluded on Friday night, and his Honor having charged the Jury, they returned in a short while with a verdict of guilty. On Saturday, they were brought into Court, and, judgment being prayed, they were sentenced to be hanged on the 14th inst., from which sentence an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court. The case was very ably managed on both sides.

The man "who writes himself Governor" has appointed two negro *Squires* for the fourth district of Halifax county. One of them, Sandy Long, with commendable sense, refuses to accept the position, giving as his reason that he is wholly incapable of filling any position.

The Democratic Club of Wilmington has adopted a series of resolutions looking to suitable provision for the retiring Police force of that city. Contributions for these worthy men will be solicited from the merchants of Wilmington, and measures will be at once adopted to give them suitable employment.

For the Sentinel

THE BALL IN MOTION.

According to notice, quite a large number of the people of House's Creek District, Wake County, assembled at Hayes' Store, on Saturday, the 1st inst., for the purpose of forming a Seymour and Blair Club.

On motion of M. Harrison, W. R. McDade was called to the Chair, and E. T. Saunders, Ephraim Emory, sr., and E. Ray appointed Vice Presidents.

On motion, J. L. D. Forest was requested to act as Secretary.

On motion, a committee of five, consisting of the following gentlemen, J. D. Hayes, W. S. Tucker, Ephraim Emory, sr., E. T. Saunders and M. Harrison, were selected to draft suitable resolutions for the consideration of the meeting, who, after retiring for a short time, submitted the following resolutions, which were adopted:

Resolved, That we heartily endorse the platform of Principles adopted by the Convention of the National Democratic party, recently held in the City of New York, and we hereby pledge our unwavering and energetic support to Seymour and Blair, the nominees of the Convention and the standard bearers of Constitutional Liberty.

Resolved, That we approve of the calling of a Democratic and Conservative Convention, to be held in the City of Raleigh, on the 13th. August next.

Resolved, That the county of Wake ought to be represented in said Convention, and we, therefore, concur in the proposition to hold a county Convention of the friends of Seymour and Blair, in the City of Raleigh, on the second Saturday in August, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the State Convention.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint 30 delegates to represent House's Creek District in said County Convention.

Resolved, That we protest against the organization of any armed police force in this State, other than the militia, under the pretext of suppressing rebellion, insurrection and resistance to the laws, as dangerous to the peace and liberties of the people; and we hereby pledge our honor not only to observe the Constitution and laws ourselves, but to aid promptly the Governor, and civil authorities, in the discharge of their constitutional and legal functions, whether we approve the Constitution and laws or not.

Resolved, That, in self-defence, we will, on all occasions and under all circumstances, give preference to laborers and others of the Conservative and Democratic party in all employments under our control, and we pledge ourselves to protect and defend our friends in the exercise and enjoyment of all our constitutional and legal rights, white or black.

In accordance with the fourth resolution, the chairman appointed the following delegates to the county convention, viz: J. D. Hayes, Wm. Fowler, Wm. Loyd, James Fowler, Weston Rogers, J. W. Thomas, M. Harrison, E. Emory, sr., E. Emory, jr., John Emory, E. T. Saunders, J. L. D. Forest, Wesley Saunders, Gideon Emory, E. Edwards, John Fowler, Jos. Blake, K. Fowler, J. C. Blake, W. W. P. Forest, Isaiah Blake, B. B. Blake, John Matthews, James Forrest, James Hester, B. Finch, G. King, Willie Cooper, I. H. Rogers, W. S. Tucker, Matthew Emory, James Medlin, Joseph Terry, Wm. Terry, J. G. Thomas, H. L. Cook, Wm. M. Brown, B. A. Perry, Willie Perry, sr., Henry Spikes and W. R. McDade.

The meeting was then addressed in an able manner by Messrs. Russ, Bledsoe, De-Carteret, Fleming and E. Y. Rogers.

On motion, the meeting then adjourned.

W. R. McDADE, Pres't.

J. L. D. FOREST, Sec'y.

FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

The expenses of the Freedmen's Bureau last year were nearly twelve millions of dollars. The excuse then used was that it was necessary to take care of the negroes until the rebel States were reconstructed. Congress has finally reconstructed all but three States, in its own peculiar way, but still the Freedmen's Bureau is kept in existence, and its operations extended until 1869. According to the *Tribune's* own admission, it will cost ten millions more to run it until then. This estimate will fall far below the actual amount expended. That Bureau being one of the electioneering machines of the Radicals, they will run the expenses up nearly double that amount, and come in next session for a deficiency; and if successful at the polls this fall, will extend the Bureau indefinitely. They fixed the time once before to close that concern up, but when the day for it to wind up arrived, they found an excuse to extend its operations. They are having too good a thing in expending twelve millions per year to give it up until they are obliged to. Their success this fall will be all the excuse that they desire to perpetuate it a few years longer.—*World.*

"Let us have peace," says General Grant. The Philadelphia *Press* repeats the cry in its prose columns with a tiresome iteration, while in its poetical column we find the following:

"Shall the past be forgiven?
No; never while a tombstone stands
Above a soldier's grave."

Let us have peace, says Grant. Grant's masters in Congress seek a new civil war at the South.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, AUG. 3, M.

Secretary McCulloch has issued an order in his Department to classify Clerks according to capacity and attention to business, with a view of retaining the skilful and faithful.

B. J. Bruni, Esq., in a Card, pronounces Butler's statement regarding his arrest in Baltimore, unequivocally false.

St. Marie has at last received his $10,000 for betraying Surratt and is off for Europe.

DEATH OF MILES O'REILLY.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 M.

Chas. G. Halpine, *alias* Miles O'Reilly, Editor of the *Citizen*, died this morning of an overdose of chloroform taken to relieve neuralgia.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, Aug. 3, M.

Thirteen General officers of the late Confederacy are in Convention, to-day, to consider the ways and means of reconciling political troubles in Tennessee.

EXAGGERATION.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3, M.

The recent fight in Saline County has been greatly exaggerated. A drunken man attempted to disturb the meeting, and only one was killed and three wounded.

MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, August 3, M.

Cotton firm and unchanged. Sales of 10,000 bales.

NEW YORK, August 3, M.

Mess pork, 42s 6d.
Cotton quiet at 30¢
Turpentine firm, 44½@45.
Rosin at 7?@15.
Stocks firm. Money easy. Exchange 10. Virginias, new, 54 asked. Tennessee, new, 66½; excoupons 64¢

Our Midnight Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 3 P M.

Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, started South, this afternoon, to visit the principal Bureau stations and make preparations to wind up the concern by January.

Gen. Rousseau is in town, and will leave in a few days for New Orleans.

It is rumored that an *ad interim* Commissioner of Internal Revenue may be appointed at any moment, to relieve Mr. Rollins and that the subject of placing Gen. Banks in the Russian Mission as an *ad interim*, vice Cassius M. Clay is seriously discussed at the White House.

Mr. Evarts, the Attorney General, is away, however, and the President has decided to await his opinion on such delicate matters, before taking any decisive steps.

FROM FLORIDA—THE ELECTORAL VOTE!

TALLAHASSEE, Aug. 3, P. M.

The Legislature, to-day, passed a bill, requiring all telegraph operators in the State to take an oath of secrecy, and making it fine and imprisonment for divulging any message.

Also a bill taking the election of delegates to the Electoral College from the people *and placing it in the hands of the Legislature.*

Also a bill giving negroes every privilege of the whites on railroads, &c.

A large Democratic ratification and nominating Convention was held here on the 1st. W. O. Barnes, of Jackson county, was nominated for Congress. A large torchlight procession and fire works at night passed off without disturbance.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 3 P. M.

One thousand men are at work, on the Colorado General Railway.

A telegram from Colfax states that he will decline any public demonstrations on his trip to the Rocky Mountains.

Three gamblers were lynched at Sioux city last week for cheating.

FOREIGN—FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

MANCHESTER, ENGLAND, Aug. 3, P. M.

A dreadful accident occurred here, night before last. During the regular performance at Lang's Music Hall, the alarm of fire was raised. The entire audience immediately rushed for the door completely blockading up the passage way.

The wildest to excitement prevailed. When order was restored by the repeated announcement that there was no fire, it was found that no less then twenty-three persons, mainly women and children, had been crushed to death in the stampede. A large number had their limbs broken, and were otherwise injured.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 3, P. M.

Cotton quiet. Sales of 600 bales at 30¢.
Turpentine 44@45.
Rosin 3@7½.
Gold 1.45½.

WILMINGTON, August 3, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firm at 45¢. Rosin buoyant. Tar firm at 2.50.

Arrangements Perfected!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH a House FROM BOTTOM TO TOP

With **House Furnishing Goods**, Carpettings, Oil Cloths, Mattings &c.

Through our resident Partner in New York, we will furnish PUBLIC and PRIVATE HOUSES with all that is required, using our best judgment and taste in the purchases.

If desired, the whole will be bought on commission.

Aug. 1-4f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

DOUGLAS BELL,

Grocer and Commission Merchant,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH.

☞ Consignments of *Flour*, Corn, Bacon and Country Produce of all kinds solicited.

July 30-1f

B. P. WILLIAMSON,

No. 4 EXCHANGE PLACE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLICITS Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dealer in all kinds of Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Hardware, Fine Brandies, Wines, Whiskies and Gins, Bagging, Rope and Twine.

AGENT FOR SALE OF

Cotton Gins and Presses.
Straw Cutters and Corn Shellers.
Wheat Threshers and Wheat Fans.
One and two-horse Plows, of all descriptions.
Gum and Leather Belting and Hose of all sizes and kinds.
French and Swiss Bolting Cloths of all numbers.
French Burr and other Mill Stones.
All kinds of Mill and Brass Castings; Bridge Castings, Bridge Bolts and Forgings furnished on short notice.

SOLE AGENT FOR SALE OF JOHNSON & ALLEN'S THIEF GUN in North Carolina.

We ask a trial from all, and guarantee satisfaction to all who try us.

B. P. WILLIAMSON.

Raleigh, N. C., July 31-2w

Horse and Wagon for Sale.

ONE HANDSOME YOUNG BAY MARE; goes well in Harness and under the Saddle.

One SPRING WAGON. Apply, for one week, to

B. P. WILLIAMSON,
Raleigh, July 31-6t No. 4 Exchange Place.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60c
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	27
" Wilmington	35
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Charlotte	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	30
" " " (new)	12
Miners and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-206-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.

J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	32
" Charlotte	32
" Charenton	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	23
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
" Wilmington	33
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	30
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	33
" " " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

July 27-135-tf

CAMPAIGN OF 1868!

Old Iron-Clad First in the Field!!

TUCKER'S

IRON FRONT BUILDING!!!

WE ARE AGAIN RECEIVING A NEW SUPPLY OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUMMER AND FALL PRINTS,

Bleached and Unbleached Domestics,

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

MUSQUITO NETTINGS,

FANS! FANS!! FANCY!!!

UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! & SHOES.

TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS!

Stock daily supplied by our resident Partner in New York.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,

Raleigh, July 23, 1868-tf

ANOTHER LOT EX "C" SUGAR.

For sale by

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

July 31-tf

Meal, Meal, Meal

TWO HUNDRED Bushels PRIME WHITE BOLTED MEAL, Just received by

Aug. 1-tf D. UGLAS BELL.

WANTED,

A situation as TEACHER by the advertiser, who has had nine years experience, and can give the best of references.

Address Miss ELEANOR MIDDLETON,
Care of Dr. W. H. MILLER.

Aug. 1-1w* Raleigh, N. C.

Davidson College, N. C.

THE NINETY-FIRST TERM opens on the 24 h of September. A SCIENTIFIC COURSE and a PREPARATORY SCHOOL have been established in connection with the College.

The whole annual expense for the scholastic year is from $200 to $250. The use of scholarships is now restricted to the original purchasers. For particulars, address

REV. G. WILSON McPHAIL,
July 30-1aw5t* President.

[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof" approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

Seal. HILAND R. HULBURD,
Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,582.

STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-3ms.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

JULY 21, 1868.

ASSETS, $10,000,000

No. INSURED 57,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,769,51.

DIVIDENDS 50 per cent.

READ THE FOLLOWING EXTRACTS:

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD.—The Ætna is a Company that can be thoroughly trusted. It is sound, prompt, and progressive. It rests on a firm basis, pays its claims with alacrity, and goes on its way rejoicing. It has done, within the immediate neighborhood of Hartford, within the last year, a larger business than any other Life Company; which indicates that a prophet has, for once, found honor in his own country.—*New York Insurance Monitor.*

(*Extract from N. Y. Insurance Monitor, Oct. 1868.*)

No Life Insurance Company ever achieved so complete a success as this popular institution.—Its popularity is altogether unprecedented in the annals of commercial enterprise in this country.

"A good man leaveth an inheritance."—*Bible.*

IN NORTH CAROLINA the Ætna Life Company has settled policies promptly to date, 17th July, 1868 $45,500.00, and another $5,000 is ready for the legal representatives of our deceased fellow citizen,

A. KLINE,

well known as a prudent and thrifty man of business.

Those who insure in the Ætna may be sure of a certainty for their friends, and that too upon terms as favorable as any first-class Company can afford.

The Ætna is a tried Company.

Call on

W. H. CROW,
General Agent for the State,
Office, Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. McKEE, Examiner.

July 21-1m.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $2,500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 38
BROOKLYN	1 42
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 66
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina,
Raleigh, N. C., March 26—193-6m

The Daily Sentinel.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 4, 1868.

Go'dsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95.00. Address

E. W. ADAMS, President.
Go'dsboro'.

July 21—law1sept.1

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS, Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $20 per month; $15 per week or $3 per day. Children, under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT,
Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-dawlm.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants.

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL,
} **Wilmington, N. C.,** *No. 32 North Water St.*

June 26, 1868-1y

Select Boarding and Day School, HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, } PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec. 10th.

Circulars furnished on application.

July 4-3awlm

MRS. A. M. GORMAN will accommodate a few boarders, on reasonable terms. Her residence is in a desirable part of the city, convenient to the Capitol, and not very far from the Central Depot. For further information, apply to

MRS. A. M. GORMAN.

July 29-tf

A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR A HOME.

BONA FIDE RAFFLE.

250 CHANCES, $10 EACH.

THE DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE IN WASHINGTON, N. C.

NO HUMBUG THIS TIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED OWNS A VERY VALUABLE FARM in the lower part of Beaufort County, about 30 miles below Washington, containing 200 ACRES, 50 of which is CLEARED and in a fine state of cultivation, with a

GOOD DWELLING

and all necessary out-houses, and the soil of the tract is of the very best quality. The

FARM

is at the head of North Creek, and within half a mile of good navigation, and within a day's sail of Newbern or Washington. The owner proposes to have the same

RAFFLED OFF

for the sum of $2500. 250 Chances at $10 Each, the Drawing to take place

IN WASHINGTON

as soon as the chances are all taken, under the direction of W. R. J. Burbank, E. S. Hoyt and F. B. Satterthwaite, Esqrs.

The undersigned refers to Messrs. Burbank, Hoyt and Satterthwaite, of Washington, and to R. W. Respess and W. U. Campbelle, of Williamston, as to the value of the farm, &c.

The Editor of the Tarboro' *Southerner* at Tarboro', R. W. Respess, of Williamston, and E. S. Hoyt, of Washington, will receive subscriptions, and the drawing will take place as soon as possible, after the chances are all taken.

W. O. RESPESS,
Washington, N. C.

July 29-1m

Charlotte Female Institute, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. } *Principals.*

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including *every* expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks.

Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

REV. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-2m Charlotte, N. C.

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up stairs.
Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates

BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

44 Fayetteville Street.

FOR SALE.—A BELL OF BEST BELL Metal, and of excellent tone, suitable for a Church or an Academy. Weight 250 lbs. Will be sold cheap.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 25-tf With Hart & Lewis.

DRIED AND GREEN FRUIT.

We pay special attention to the sale of all kinds of Dried and Green Fruit at this season.

It will pay to ship Good Green Fruit.

J. H. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
July 27-1m Portsmouth, Va.

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

Secure your Seed Wheat from the Genuine Bowden.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a consignment of this noted brand of Wheat, which we offer for sale at a reasonable price. As our Wheat harvest has fallen far short of a general crop, it is to the interest of our Farmers to secure their seed from this excellent brand. Call soon at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

THE BEST COFFEES.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

1,000 LBS. N. C. BACON. For sale by

July 25-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

THIRTY SACKS GOOD RIO COFFEE. For sale by

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION!

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and it sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS FOR CLUBS.

We have received letters from several sources, requesting us to send printed copies of a Constitution and By-Laws for the organization of Seymour and Blair Clubs.—Having none on hand, and no funds to print them, we have prepared the following Constitution and By-Laws, as a guide for Clubs, and submit them to the consideration of our friends. They were submitted to the Young Men's meeting to form a Seymour and Blair Club, in this city, on Tuesday night, and unanimously adopted:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1st. This Association shall be styled the ——— Club of ——— of North Carolina.

ART. 2. The objects of this Association are as follows: To unite in close political compact every Democrat, Conservative, or by whatever name known, in North Carolina, for the support and defence of the Constitution of the United States; the promotion of the peace and good will of society and the harmony of the Union; the proper enforcement of law and order by legitimate forms, and the utter destruction of Radicalism every where, by the election of HORATIO SEYMOUR, of New York, as President, and FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri, as Vice President, and all other Democratic and Conservative nominees for any office; and, further, to promote the mutual benefit and protection of each other in all lawful pursuits, aiding each other in business, as being members of one great political family, seeking to promote each other's welfare, and especially to extend such aid to those who have been or may be ignored or proscribed by the Radical party, as the Association may be able.

ART. 3. The officers of this Club shall consist of a President, three Vice Presidents, a Recording Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary and a Treasurer, who shall perform the duties usual to such offices, and who, together with Five Directors, shall be elected annually at the annual meeting of the Association, and shall constitute an Executive Board, to whom shall be committed the interests of the Club.

ART. 4. This Constitution, and such By-Laws or Regulations as the Club may adopt, may be altered, amended or changed at any public meeting of the Club, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SUBSCRIPTION.

We, whose names are hereto annexed, do solemnly pledge our word and sacred honor, constantly and faithfully to promote the objects and aims of this Club as set forth in the foregoing Constitution, and do hold ourselves ready to defend the same, and to protect, to the extent of our ability, every member of this Association throughout the State.

BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

1. Every member of this Club shall sign and subscribe the Constitution, in order to recognition.

2. All monied contributions to the objects of the Association shall be voluntary, and shall be held by the Treasurer, who shall keep an exact account and disburse the same only on the order of the Executive Board, to whom he shall submit his accounts when ordered.

3. The Club shall order its public meetings when and where it chooses, and the President may call meetings when desirable, but the Executive Board, or such of its members as may be designated, shall select speakers and make all necessary arrangements.

4. Each member of the Executive Board is hereby appointed a Committee to solicit names for membership, also monied donations for the objects of the Club, and to attend to the general interests of the Club, such as directing the correspondence, procuring and circulating documents, &c.

5. The Executive Board shall meet to transact the private business of the Club as often as it may order, (and the officers of the Club shall be *ex-officio* officers of the Board) when the names of members shall be presented for registration or dismissal for good cause, to consider the financial business of the Club, and such other private matters as may be necessary. All members of the Club may attend the private meetings of the Board when convenient, and may give counsel, but the business of the Board will be determined by the vote of the Board itself.

6. Any member of the Club intending to move to any other section, may obtain a certificate of his membership in this Club, if he desire it, to be signed by the President and Secretary.

7. The Executive Board of each Club will give special attention to all matters of registration, voting, &c.; see that all do their duty, and that the law is strictly observed, that all fraud or mal-practice is detected and duly punished.

REMARKS.

1. In South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and other Southern States, strong Democratic Clubs are being formed, composed of colored citizens. The Constitution above is so worded that it can be adapted to any place or persons. If Democratic Clubs can be formed entirely of colored persons, perhaps it will be best; but where there are few, the Clubs may decide to enter them on their registers or not, as they may elect.

2. We would suggest that Young Men's Clubs, everywhere, should embrace all young men, from 18 years of age, and upwards. Many old men are faint-hearted, timid, afraid to let people know their political *status*. Take in the young men, who have the pluck, and who may be educated to *love* the Constitution and the country, and who will always vote right, when they become of age. We need the ardor and boldness of youth, as well as the prudence and wisdom of age. The necessity for this, however, would be obviated, if the young men, under the age of 21, would form Clubs of their own.

3. We insist upon forming Clubs in every Ward, in every precinct and Captain's District in the State, where 25 or 30 members, and as many more as possible, can be obtained. The more the better. The talent and energy of all our people must be brought out. It will not do to let the old men and the old party managers do all the managing and the talking. We *must put every man* in some position to be useful. By having a Club in every Ward and every neighborhood, we can find room for a great many as officers and talkers and working men. We can have our Club meetings out of doors, these pleasant nights, by moonlight or camp fires, and there will be a chance for *every man*, who can make a talk, or a little speech, or a great speech, to do something in that line. Let the Clubs be formed. Bring out all our men to work for the Constitution and the country, and let us save them by the election of Seymour and Blair!

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

Wheat Thresher and Carrier.

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought, 25 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expenses of transportation from Baltimore.

July 16-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

1,200 LBS. OF LARD, For sale by

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible.—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 9 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$3,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. E. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. B. MASON,
Jun 30-3d Commissioner.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.

June 26-1m*

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—tf WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving At

Feb 8-150-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

WHITE PEPPER. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

1868. NEW ARRANGEMENT 1868.

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months	2 00
Semi Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868,

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Bank's Patent and others of best make and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Newspaper for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale, on accommodating terms, the Newspaper and Job Presses, Type, Inks, fixtures and all the other material pertaining to the *Fayetteville News* publishing and printing office, together with the "good will" and subscription list of the same.—Located in one of the largest towns and best sections of North Carolina, the only secular paper in all the tier of the nine counties of Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Cumberland, Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Montgomery and Richmond, the Fayetteville *News* offers first-rate inducements to the purchaser. During the past two years it has nearly tripled its circulation, has constantly increased its material—and paid for it—and will make, by a showing of its receipts, a very gratifying exhibit.

One of the proprietors having decided to remove to another State, and the other not feeling inclined or fitted to carry on the business alone, this sale has been deemed necessary; and the most satisfactory evidence will be given persons desiring to purchase, that the present proprietors of the paper are not about to abandon its publication from any failure of success.

For particulars, address

H. L. & J. H. MCROVER,
July 13-1aw2w Fayetteville, N. C.

NEW SUPPLIES.

Toilet Soaps, Rosin Soaps, Mason's Blacking, Concentrated Lye, Black Pepper, Parlor Matches, Axle Grease and Copperas. Just received at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of present right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated, (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment) for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel.

Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $100, 50 cents.

Exceeding $100 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Ganger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2.0 0, $1.00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100, 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire: Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in each premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 15 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a conveyance.

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $85, 50 cents.

Costing more than $85, and not exceeding $150 $1.00

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $150, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of one hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In case of sale of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the state or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "R," and the opposition "D."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, R, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, R, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	Terms Expires
Lot M Morrill, r	'73
Wm P Fessenden, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73
VERMONT.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'75
Justin S Morrill, r	'73
MASSACHUSETTS.	
Charles Sumner, r	'73
Henry Wilson, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND	
William Sprague, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71
CONNECTICUT.	
James Dixon, d	'69
Orris S Ferry, r	'73
NEW YORK.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69
Alex G Gattell, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73
DELAWARE.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'73
MARYLAND.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——
WEST VIRGINIA.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69